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DIRECTIVE (EU) 2018/844 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

of 30 May 2018

amending Directive 2010/31/EU on the energy performance of buildings and Directive 2012/27/EU on energy efficiency

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 194(2) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee (1),

Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions (2),

Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure (³),

Whereas:

- The Union is committed to developing a sustainable, competitive, secure and decarbonised energy system. The (1)Energy Union and the Energy and Climate Policy Framework for 2030 establish ambitious Union commitments to reduce greenhouse gas emissions further by at least 40 % by 2030 as compared with 1990, to increase the proportion of renewable energy consumed, to make energy savings in accordance with Union level ambitions, and to improve Europe's energy security, competitiveness and sustainability.
- To reach those objectives, the 2016 review of the Union's energy efficiency legislative acts combines a reas-(2)sessment of the Union's energy efficiency target for 2030 as requested by the European Council's conclusions of 2014, a review of the core provisions of Directive 2012/27/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (4) and Directive 2010/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (5), and a reinforcement of the financing framework, including the European Structural and Investment Funds (ESIF) and the European Fund for Strategic Investments (EFSI), which will ultimately improve the financial conditions of energy efficiency investments on the market.
- (3) Directive 2010/31/EU required the Commission to carry out a review by 1 January 2017 in the light of the experience gained and progress made during the application of that Directive, and, if necessary, to make proposals.
- To prepare for that review, the Commission took a series of steps to gather evidence on how Directive (4)2010/31/EU had been implemented in the Member States, focusing on what worked and what could be improved.
- The outcome of the review and the Commission's impact assessment indicated that a series of amendments are (5) required to strengthen the current provisions of Directive 2010/31/EU and to simplify certain aspects.
- The Union is committed to developing a sustainable, competitive, secure and decarbonised energy system by 2050. (6) To meet that goal, Member States and investors need measures that aim to reach the long-term greenhouse gas emission goal and that decarbonise the building stock, which is responsible for approximately 36 % of all CO₂ emissions in the Union, by 2050. Member States should seek a cost-efficient equilibrium between decarbonising energy supplies and reducing final energy consumption. To that end, Member States and investors need a clear

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ C 246, 28.7.2017, p. 48. (²) OJ C 342, 12.10.2017, p. 119.

⁽³⁾ Position of the European Parliament of 17 April 2018 (not yet published in the Official Journal) and decision of the Council of 14 May 2018.

⁽⁴⁾ Directive 2012/27/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on energy efficiency, amending Directives 2009/125/EC and 2010/30/EU and repealing Directives 2004/8/EC and 2006/32/EC (OJ L 315, 14.11.2012, p. 1).

⁽⁵⁾ Directive 2010/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 May 2010 on the energy performance of buildings (OJ L 153, 18.6.2010, p. 13).

LET OP:

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